

### Introduction

The Brigham Young University (BYU) Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) student chapter recently completed the 2011 Data Collection Project as proposed to the ITE Western District. The data for this project were collected at a local mini-warehouse facility, which corresponds to Land Use Code 151. This project was a great learning experience for our student chapter; the funds we receive will help student chapter members attend the Western District ITE meeting in Anchorage, Alaska.

Ryan Hales, P.E., PTOE, AICP, of Hales Engineering, provided mentoring support and project review for this data collection effort. Craig Wagner, from Econolite, provided our student members with training on the use of our traffic data collection trailer on January 19 and February 23, 2011 (see Figure 1). Dr. Mitsuru Saito Ph.D., P.E. and Dr. Grant Schultz Ph.D., P.E., PTOE, both of BYU, have provided invaluable help and support and data collection equipment for the project.



Figure 1: Data Collection training with Craig Wagner.

#### **Site Information**

Data were collected on three different days at the mini-warehouse facility, shown in Figure 2. The facility is Hillside Storage, located at 2067 Ironton Blvd. in Provo, UT. The approximate square footage of the office building, number of employees, number of parking stalls, number of units, percent of units occupied, net rentable area, gross floor area, and total property area can be seen in Table 1. There are two parking areas at the site, one of which includes the entrance to the area that contains the storage units.

Characteristic	Value
Number of Employees	4 (2 FT, 2 PT)
Number of Units	420
Occupied Units	60%
Net Rentable Area	56,476 ft <sup>2</sup>
Office Floor Space	$1,700 \text{ ft}^2$
Gross Floor Area	58,098 ft <sup>2</sup>
Property Area	3.44 acres
Number of Parking Stalls	6 (1 handicap)

Table 1: Site Charac	teristics
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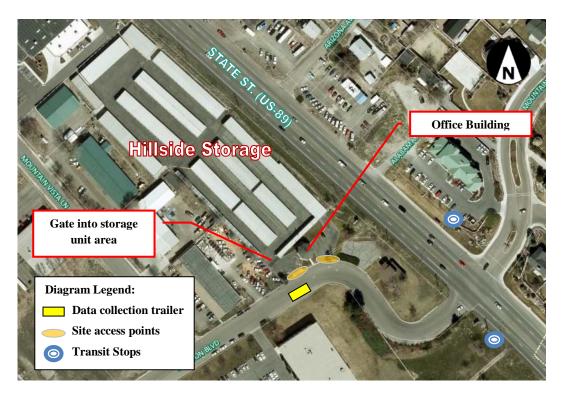


Figure 2: Site layout.

## Methodology

Data were collected on Saturday, February 26, 2011; Sunday, February 27, 2011; and Tuesday, March 1, 2011. As stated in the proposal, trip generation was counted between the hours of 7am and 7pm on each day. The BYU Traffic Data Collection Trailer, shown in Figure 3, was used to collect data at the site.

The trailer is equipped with two video cameras that recorded each entrance to the site during the specified hours. These videos were then used to manually count vehicles entering and exiting the site through each access. The counts for the two driveways were totaled for each hour. The results of the trip generation are summarized in the attached Trip Generation Data Forms. Parking demand data were also collected every hour, on the hour, from 7am to 7pm. The parking data are attached in the Parking Demand Survey Forms.



Figure 3: BYU traffic data collection trailer at the site.

### Results

The trip data for the morning peak period, the afternoon peak period, and the peak hour of generator are shown in Table 2, Table 3, and Table 4, respectively. Data about vehicle occupancy was not collected during this study. Furthermore, no pedestrian, bicycle, or transit trips were observed during the study. The trip rates shown are rates per occupied unit and per 1000 square feet of gross floor area (GFA). Table 5 shows a summary of trips counted for each day of the study.

Variable	Saturday 2/26/11	Sunday 2/27/11	Tuesday 3/1/11
Peak Hour	8:00-9:00 AM	8:00-9:00 AM	8:00-9:00 AM
All Vehicles	1	1	0
Trucks	0	0	0
Total Trips	1	1	0
Trip Rate (Occ. Units)	0.004	0.004	0.00
Trip Rate (GFA)	0.017	0.017	0.00
% Entering	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
% Exiting	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%

Table 2: Morning Peak Period Trip Data for the Mini-Warehouse

 Table 3: Afternoon Peak Period Trip Data for the Mini-Warehouse

Variable	Saturday 2/26/11	Sunday 2/27/11	Tuesday 3/1/11
Peak Hour	5:00-6:00 PM	5:00-6:00 PM	5:00-6:00 PM
All Vehicles	3	0	4
Trucks	0	0	2
Total Trips	3	0	4
Trip Rate (Occ. Units)	0.012	0.00	0.016
Trip Rate (GFA)	0.052	0.00	0.069
% Entering	66.7%	0.0%	50.0%
% Exiting	33.3%	0.0%	50.0%

Table 4: Peak Hour of Generator Trip Data for the Mini-Warehouse

Variable	Saturday 2/26/11	Sunday 2/27/11	Tuesday 3/1/11
Peak Hour	11:00-12:00 PM	9:00-10:00 AM	5:00-6:00 PM
All Vehicles	4	2	4
Trucks	0	0	2
Total Trips	4	2	4
Trip Rate (Occ. Units)	0.016	0.008	0.016
Trip Rate (GFA)	0.069	0.034	0.069
% Entering	50.0%	100.0%	50.0%
% Exiting	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%

Table 5. Summary of Daily Trip Data

	Satur	day (2/26/	11)	Sunday (2/27/11)			Tues	day (3/1/1	1)
	Entering	Exiting	Total	Entering Exiting Total			Entering	Exiting	Total
F	13	12	25	4	4	8	11	8	19

Trip rates generated from this study have been calculated and are shown in Table 6 alongside average trip rates from *ITE Trip Generation*,  $7^{th}$  *Edition*. The actual number of trips for each analysis period is shown alongside the number of trips predicted from ITE trip rates in Table 7.

Independent	Analysis	Saturday 2/26/11 Calculated ITE				Tuesday 3/1/11		
Variable	Period			alculated ITE Calculated ITE		Calculated	ITE	
Occupied	Full Day	0.099	0.250	0.032	0.180	0.075	0.280	
Occupied Units	Peak Hour of Generator	0.016	0.040	0.008	0.030	0.016	0.030	
Gross Floor	Full Day	0.430	2.330	0.138	1.780	0.327	2.500	
Area	Peak Hour of Generator	0.069	0.400	0.034	0.300	0.069	0.290	

Table 6. Comparison of Calculated and ITE Trip Generation Rates

**Table 7. Comparison of Actual and Predicted Trips** 

Independent	Analysis	Saturday 2/26/11			inday 27/11	Tuesday 3/1/11	
Variable	Period	Actual	Predicted	Actual	Predicted	Actual	Predicted
Occupied	Full Day	25	63	8	45	19	71
Occupied Units	Peak Hour of Generator	4	10	2	8	4	8
Gross Floor	Full Day	25	135	8	103	19	145
Gross Floor Area	Peak Hour of Generator	4	23	2	17	4	17

The trip rates calculated from this data collection study are substantially lower than the average trip rates provided by ITE. The difference between the trip rates is much larger when using gross floor area as the independent variable. This is due to gross floor area including both the space of the occupied units and unoccupied units. At the time of collection about 40% of the units were unoccupied. One reason the calculated rates are lower than the average rates provided by ITE may be that the storage units are usually used for long term storage rather than short term storage. Some of the storage units are being occupied by Brigham Young University for long term storage, which results in a lower number of trips being made for these units. Sunday trip rates may further be impacted by the demographics of the area as a large proportion of the nearby population believes that work and business activities should be avoided on Sunday. Finally, some of the difference in trip rates could be due to the timing of the study. Temperatures in Utah during February and March are often cool and accompanied by precipitation in the form of rain and snow. Cooler weather affects the behavior of mini-warehouse clients, resulting in less trips being made.

Figure 4, Figure 5, and Figure 6 show the hourly counts of vehicles entering and exiting the site, as well as the parking demand for the specified hour, for the Saturday, Sunday, and Tuesday dates, respectively.

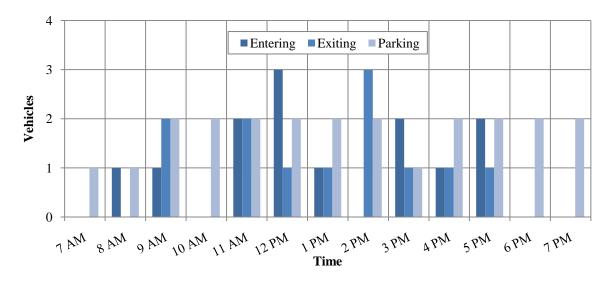


Figure 4: Counts for Saturday, February 26, 2011.

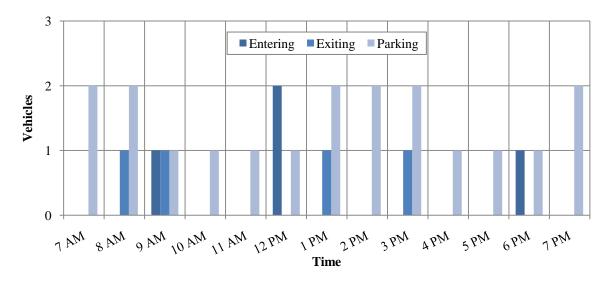


Figure 5: Counts for Sunday, February 27, 2011.

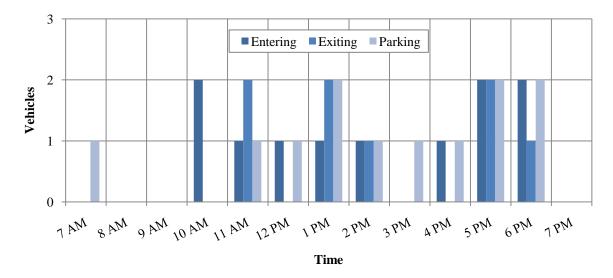


Figure 6: Counts for Tuesday, March 1, 2011.

#### **Level of Effort**

Many different BYU ITE student members were involved in this project. BYU ITE student chapter officers especially spent a lot of time organizing and carrying out the data collection efforts. A summary of hours spent on the project by student members is shown in Table 8.

Task	Number of Students	Hours per Student	Total Hours
Training	6	5	30
Data Collection	4	4	16
Data Reduction and Analysis	6	5	30
Writing and Revision	4	3	12
		Total:	88

**ite** Institute of Transportation Engineers

# Trip Generation Data Form (Part 1)

Land Use/Building Type: Mini Warehouse (Storage facility)	ITE Land Use Code: 15
Source:	Source No. (ITE use only):
Name of Development: Hillside Storage	Day of the Week: Saturday, Sunday, Tuesday
City: Province: Utch Zip/Postal Code: 84606	Day: Month: February Year: 201
Country: U.S.A.	Metropolitan Area: Provo, UT

1. For fast-food land use, please specify if hamburger- or nonhamburger-based.

Location Within Area:         □ (1) CBD         □ (2) Urban (Non-CBD)	,	. ,	Rural reeway Interchange Area (Rural) lot Given			Detailed Description of Development: Hillside Storage is a self storage
Independent Variable: (include data for as many as possible) <sup>2</sup>	2 Actual	Estimated		Actual	Estimated	business located in
4 (1) Employees (#)	X		(9) Parking Spaces (% occupied:)	×		
(2) Persons (#) rentaide			(10) Beds (% occupied:	) 🗆		Provo, Utah. There
420 (3) Total Units (#) (indicate unit: Units	) 🕱		(11) Seats (#)			are a variety of
252 (4) Occupied Units (#) (indicate unit: "Entable	units)		(12) Servicing Positions/Vehicle Fueling			units available for
(5) Gross Floor Area (gross sq. ft.)			Positions			
(% of development occupied	)		(13) Shopping Center % Out-parcels/pads			rent and are open
56,476 (6) Net Rentable Area (sq. ft.)		X	(14) A.M. Peak Hour Volume of Adjacent Stree	t Traffic 🛛		365 days each year.
(7) Gross Leasable Area (sq. ft.)			(15) P.M. Peak Hour Volume of Adjacent Stree	t Traffic 🛛		The primary employees
(% of development occupied	)		1,700 (16) Other sq. ft. Total office Spic	ice 🗆	×	live on site.
3.44 (8) Total Acres (% developed:		X	(17) Other			

2. Definitions for several independent variables can be found in the Trip Generation, Second Edition, User's Guide Glossary.

3. Please provide all pertinent information to describe the subject project, including the presence of bicycle/pedestrian facilities. To report bicycle/pedestrian volumes, please refer to Part 4 of this data form.

Other Data:				Transportation Demand Manag	ement (TDM) Information:							
	e Occupancy ( P.M.	(#):	24-hour %		here a TDM program (that may have impacted the	e trip generation characteristics of this site) underway?						
Perce A.M.	ent by Transit: % P.I ent by Carpool	M. %	24-hour %	□ Yes (If yes, please check ap	<ul> <li>No</li> <li>Yes (If yes, please check appropriate box/boxes, describe the nature of the TDM program(s) and provide a source for any studies that may help quantify this impact. Attach additional sheets if necessary)</li> </ul>							
A.M. Employees by S		M. % End Time	24-hour %	<ul> <li>□ (1) Transit Service</li> <li>□ (2) Carpool Programs</li> <li>□ (2) V(a) = 1 December 2000</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(5) Employer Support Measures</li> <li>(6) Preferential HOV Treatments</li> <li>(7) Treasition of Didebasing Incentions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(9) Tolls and Congestion Pricing</li> <li>(10) Variable Work Hours/Compressed Work Weeks</li> <li>(11) Telecommuting</li> </ul>						
Second Shift:	Start Time	End Time	Employees (#)	□ (3) Vanpool Programs □ □ (4) Bicycle/Pedestrian □ □ Facilities and Site	<ul> <li>(7) Transit and Ridesharing Incentives</li> <li>(8) Parking Supply and Pricing Management</li> </ul>	(12) Other						
Third Shift:	Start Time	End Time	Employees (#)	Improvements	Management							
Parking Cost on	n Site:	Hourly	Daily									

Please Complete Form on Other Side

# **Institute of Transportation Engineers Trip Generation Data Form** (Part 2)

Summary of Driveway Volumes

(All = All Vehicles Counted, Including Trucks; Trucks = Heavy Duty Trucks and Buses)

	Average	Weekday	(M-F)				Saturda	y				Sunday						
	Enter		Exit	Total			Enter		Exit		Total		Enter		Exit		Total	
	All	Trucks	All	Trucks	All	Trucks	All	Trucks	All	Trucks	A//	Trucks	All	Trucks	All	Trucks	All	Trucks
24-Hour Volume	11		8		19		13		12		25		4		4		8	
A.M. Peak Hour of Adjacent <sup>1</sup> Street Traffic (7 – 9)																		
Time (ex.: 7:15 - 8:15): P.M. Peak Hour of Adjacent <sup>1</sup> Street Traffic (4 – 6)																		
Time:																		
A.M. Peak Hour Generator <sup>2</sup> Time: //:00 am - 1200pm	1		2		3													
P.M. Peak Hour Generator Time: 5:00 -6:00 pm	2		2		4											a ria artical		
Peak Hour Generator <sup>a</sup> Time (Weekend): 12:60 -1				6			3		1		4		2		O		2	

<sup>1</sup> Highest hourly volume between 7 a.m. and 9 a.m. (4 p.m. and 6 p.m.). Please specify the peak hour.

<sup>2</sup> Highest hourly volume during the a.m. or p.m. period. Please specify the peak hour.

<sup>3</sup> Highest hourly volume during the entire day. Please specify the peak hour.

Please refer to the Trip Generation User's Guide for full definition of terms.

#### Hourly Driveway Volumes- Average Weekday (M-F)

A.M. Period	Enter		Exit		Total		Mid-Day Period	Enter Exit			Total		P.M. Period	Enter		Exit		Total		
	All	Trucks	All	Trucks	All	Trucks		All	Trucks	All	Trucks	All	Trucks		All	Trucks	All	Trucks	All	Trucks
6:00-7:00	0	<u>0</u>	0	CL	C	()	11:00-12:00	1	U	2	0	3	0	3:00-4:00	0	0	0	0	0	0
6:15-7:15	Ŭ		0	- V			11:15-12:15							3:15-4:15			0			
6:30-7:30							11:30-12:30							3:30-4:30						
6:45-7:45							11:45-12:45							3:45-4:45						
7:00-8:00	Ω	Ô	0	Ω	0	0	12:00-1:00	1	0	0	()	1	0	4:00-5:00	1	C	0	C		$\mathcal{O}$
7:15-8:15		1 ×		10		LA LA	12:15-1:15							4:15-5:15						
7:30-8:30							12:30-1:30							4:30-5:30						
7:45-8:45							12:45-1:45							4:45-5:45						
8:00-9:00	0	0	0	Ω	0	()	1:00-2:00	1	0	2	0	3	0	5:00-6:00	2	1	2	1	4	2

#### Check if Part 3, 4 and/or additional information is attached.

Survey conducted by:	Name:	Steven	Dudley					Please return to:	Institute of Transportation Engineers
	Organization:	Brighan	n Young	University	ÎTE	Student	Chapter		Technical Projects Division 1627 Eye Street, NW, Suite 600
	Address:	368 Child							Washington, DC 20006 USA
	City/State/Zip:	Provo,	<u> </u>	4602					Telephone: +1 202-785-0060
	Telephone #:	801-422-	- 2811	Fax #: 801-	422	-0159	E-mail: byuite@gmail.con	١	Fax: +1 202-785-0609
									ITE on the Web: www.ite.org

Parking Demand Survey Form         Institute of Transportation Engineers         (fill in all highlighted cells - * are required data)         Land Use Code*       151         Name of Site       Hillside Storage	
(fill in all highlighted cells - * are required data) Land Use Code* 151	
Land Use Code* 151	
Brief Description of Site	
Transit* Yes Mini-warehouse site in south part of Provo UT	
Area* SUB City Provo	
TMP* NO State UT Country USA	
Parking Price* \$ Daily Rate S Hourly Rate	
Site Size* 420 Units* Storage units Occupancy* 60% Land	l Use
Site Size 4 Units Employees Occupancy	
Site Size 56,476 Units Net rentable ar Occupancy	
Site Size 10,700 Units Office floor are Occupancy	
Site Size 58,098 Units Gross floor are Occupancy	
Site Size 3 Units Acres Occupancy	
Number of Parking Spaces Provided at Site 6	
Highest Observed Parking Demand for the following hours of the day (hour beginning)*	
Date 2/26/2011 2/27/2011 3/1/2011	
Day Saturday Sunday Tuesday	
12 Mid	
1:00 AM	
2:00 AM	
3:00 AM	
4:00 AM	
5:00 AM	
6:00 AM	
7:00 AM 1 2 1	
8:00 AM 1 2 0	
9:00 AM 2 1 0	
10:00 AM 2 1 0	
11:00 AM 2 1 1	
12 Noon 2 1 1	
1:00 PM 2 2 2 2	
2:00 PM 2 2 1 1	
3:00 PM 1 2 1	
4:00 PM 2 1 1	
5:00 PM 2 1 2	
6:00 PM 2 1 2	
7:00 PM 2 2 0	
8:00 PM	
9:00 PM	
10:00 PM	
11:00 PM	
Person Steven Dudley Organization BYU ITE	
Phone 801-636-8821	
Fax	
Email	
Notes Includes only vehicles parked at the office parking lot, not those parked at the storage un	nits.
Enter data on the web at www.ite.org Comments to: ite_staff@ite.org	
IF not entered on web site, please mail to:	
Institute of Transportation Engineers, 1627 Eye Street, NW Suite 600; Washington, DC 20006	

Form version 1.4